

Preamble to the Seven Supporting Acts (Staff Directed Separation for Congressional Review)

These seven bills are submitted in separated form because a senior Congressional staffer directed that the integrated framework be divided into discrete Acts for faster review and clearer intake, particularly where newer staff are assigned to triage and summarize. We complied with that instruction in good faith so each subject can be read on its own, introduced on its own, and evaluated without losing the larger intent.

We respectfully state that this subject matter is not routine constituent traffic and should not be treated as business as usual. These Acts address systemic compromise of public record infrastructure, land records, court records, and connected systems that rely on those records, including probate, guardianship, and child and elder protection systems, and the vendor platforms that now operate as the nervous system of government. When records can be manipulated at scale, authority can be forged, and audit trails can be erased, the vulnerability becomes a national security concern that warrants senior level review.

Accordingly, we stated plainly that routing this work through under empowered intake layers is improper for the gravity of the issues presented. This is not a personal criticism of any junior staffer. It is a statement of duty and risk. Matters touching critical infrastructure integrity, foreign intrusion pathways, trafficking indicators, and organized deprivation of rights under color of law warrant prompt escalation to senior policy and oversight staff, and where appropriate to national security staff. Where defensive protection of systems and preservation of evidence are required, coordination with national security functions, including the Department of Defense in lawful support roles consistent with applicable law, is appropriate.

Constitutional basis and duty are clear. The Constitution's Preamble states the purposes of national government, to establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty. U.S. Const. pmbl. Article I vests legislative authority in Congress. U.S. Const. art. I, § 1. The People retain the right to petition the Government for redress of grievances. U.S. Const. amend. I. This submission is a lawful petition for remedy and restoration, placed into legislative form so Congress can act.

This packet is delivered in two forms by design. First, the integrated instrument titled "The People's Remedy and Restoration Act, The New Declaration of Independence 2025," submitted as the complete framework as written, preserving the People's intent as one unified remedy. Second, seven supporting Acts, separated at staff direction, so each component can stand alone as an introducible bill and be reviewed quickly without diluting mission or enforcement.

We are not here to participate in the DC routine. We are here to do the business of and for the People so it works, to change damages into remedy, to restore lawful governance, and to request timely escalation and action consistent with constitutional duty.

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